

Dual Enrollment: An Overview

Dr. Patricia Windham

Associate Vice-Chancellor for Evaluation
Division of Community Colleges
Florida Dept. of Education



Acceleration Mechanisms

Articulated acceleration mechanisms shall include but are not limited to:

- Dual Enrollment
- Early Admission
- Advanced Placement (AP)
- Credit by Examination
- International Baccalaureate (IB) Program
- Advanced International Certificate of Examination (AICE)

Source: S. 1007.27, 2006 Florida Statutes.



Dual Enrollment - Purpose

The purpose of dual enrollment is "...to shorten the time necessary for a student to complete the requirements associated with the conferrence of a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree..."
F.S. 1007.27 (1)



Dual Enrollment – Participation Criteria

- College Credit Dual Enrollment Criteria
 - Pass the College Placement Test (CPT)
 - 3.0 unweighted grade point average
- Career Certificate Dual Enrollment Criteria
 - Pass the College Placement Test (CPT)
 - 2.0 unweighted grade point average



Source: S. 1007.271, Florida Statutes, 2006.

Dual Enrollment in the Nation

- **Florida is one of only 14** states who gives (1) high school credit, (2) postsecondary credit, and (3) credit for high school graduation requirements for dual enrollment courses.

- **Florida is one of only 6** states who pays for dual enrollment. Most states require the school district or student to pay.

Source: *Moving the Needle on Access & Success*, Western Interstate commission for Higher Education supported by a grant from the Lumina Foundation for Education, June 2006.



Dual Enrollment - Funding

- High schools submit participants as FTE
- Colleges submit participants as FTE
- No cost to the student
- Inter-institutional articulation agreements determine which institution pays for instructors & transportation



Who Participates in DE?



Dual Enrollment Stats

- 32,759 students participated in dual enrollment in 2005-06
- They took 113,894 courses and 83% of the time earned an A, B, or C.
- They were 72% white, 10% Hispanic, 10% African American, and 8% other.



DE Participation

- 17% of 2001-02 high school graduates took a DE course.
- Typical DE student:
 - Took 3 DE courses
 - Earned 1.5 high school credits
 - Earned 9 college credit hours

Source: OPPAGA Report No. 06-25

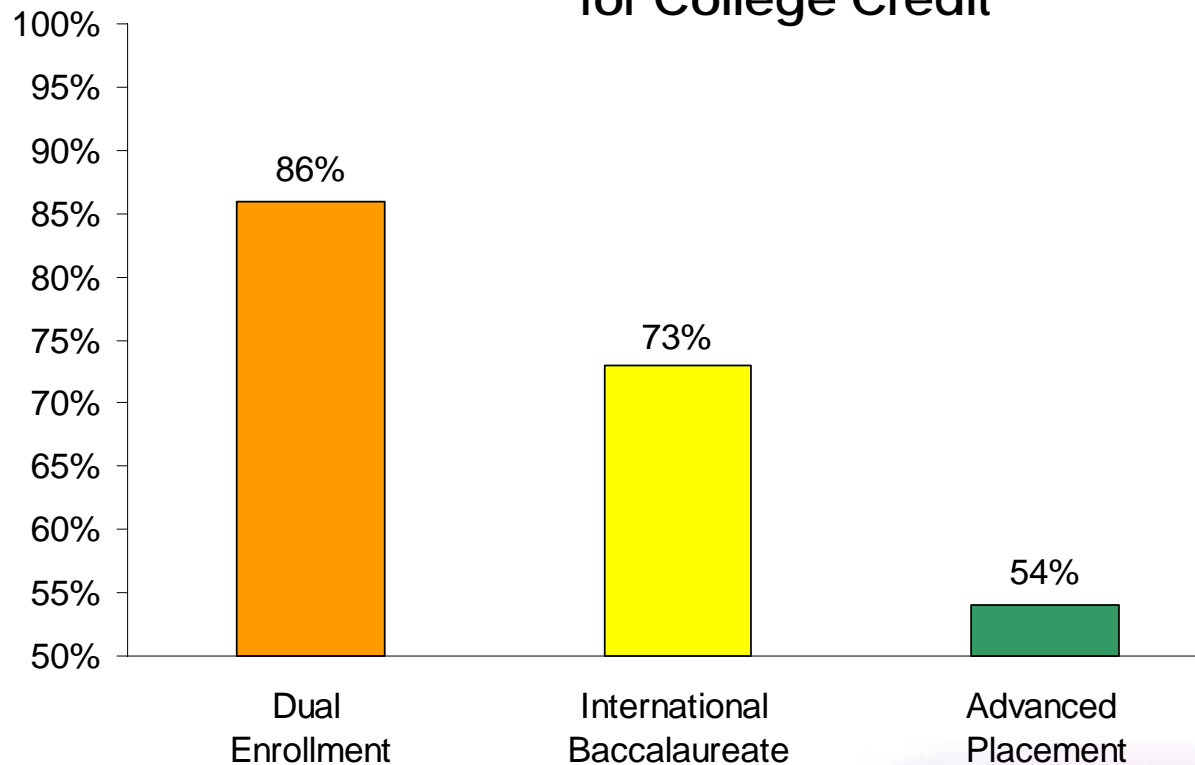


Why participate in DE?



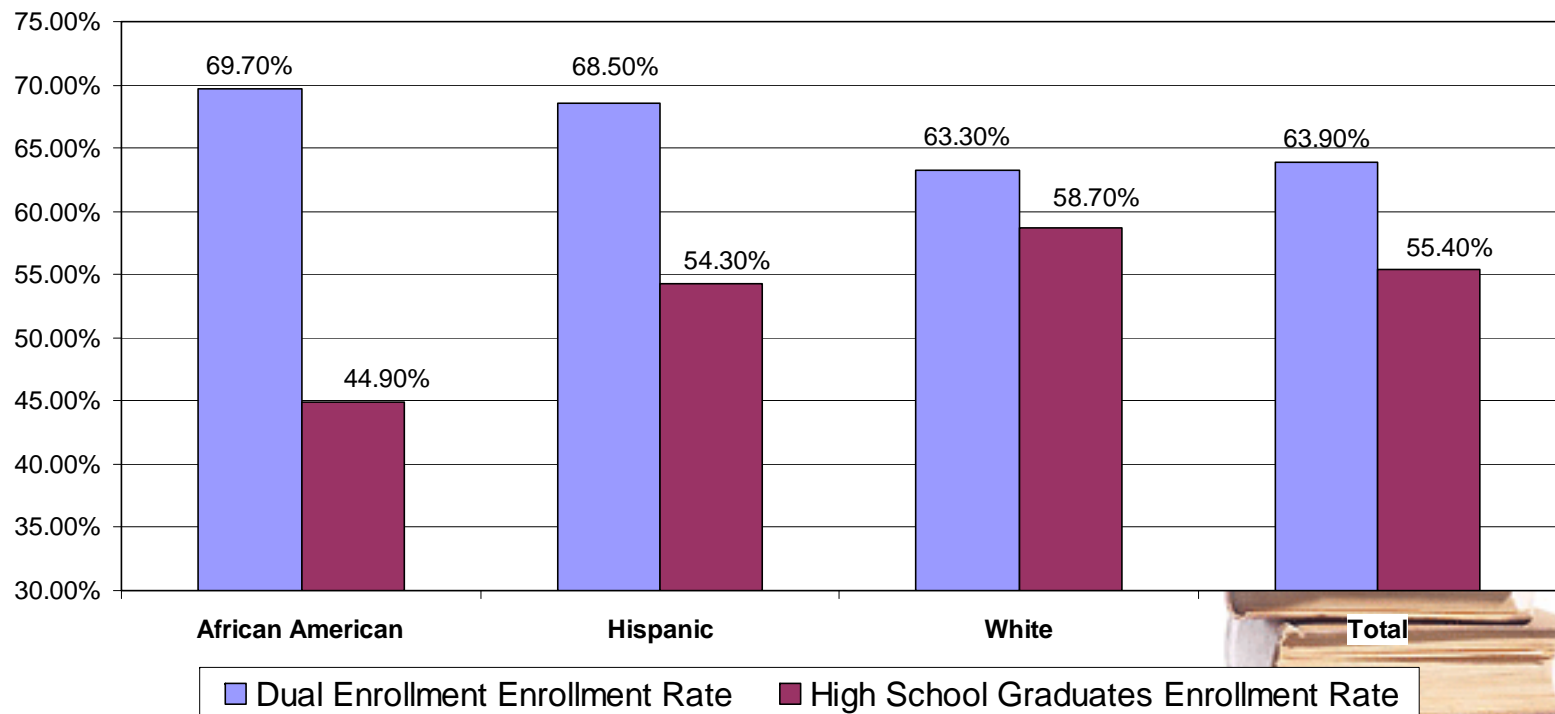
Eligibility for College Credit

Percentage of Students Eligible for College Credit



Source: OPPAGA Report No. 06-25

Increase in Postsecondary Attendance



Source: Florida Department of Education, Fast Fact 79

DE Students Do Well in University Courses

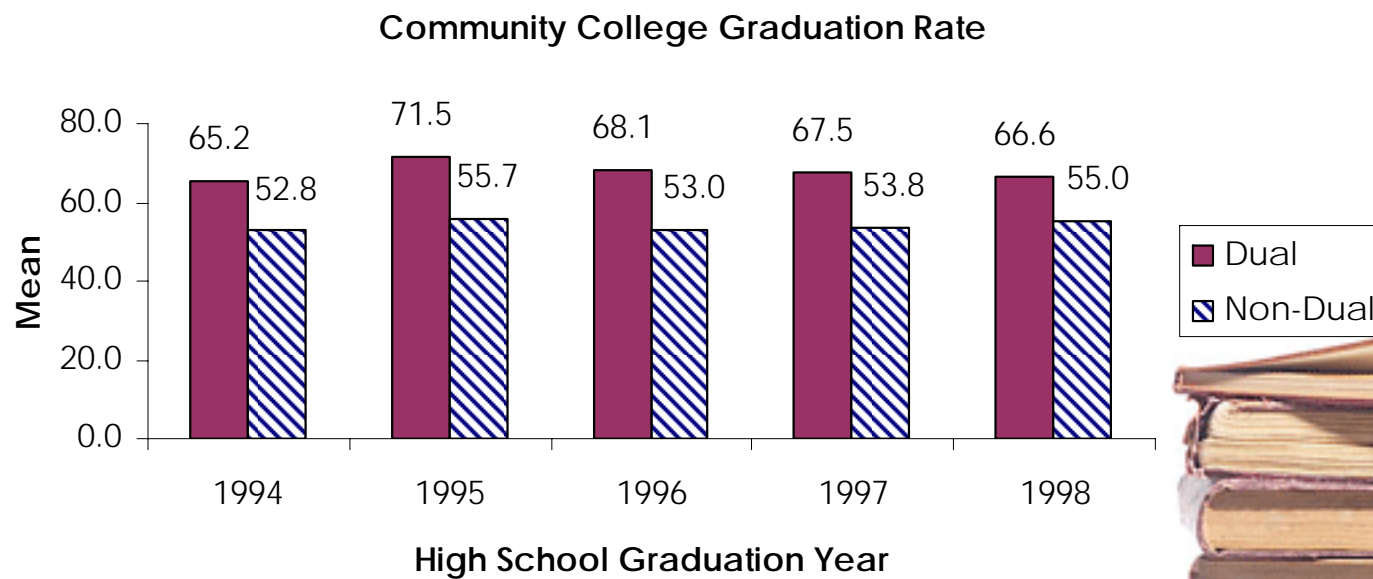
Course Grades for Selected English and Math Courses

Course Prefix	Former DE Students	No DE in High School
Subsequent University Courses		
ENC Courses	3.27	2.99
LIT	3.12	3.52
MAC Courses	3.03	2.57
MGF	2.91	2.41
STA	3.09	2.75

Source: Florida Education Data Warehouse, 2003-04 high school.
DE students are seniors who took dual enrollment courses and enrolled in the SUS in 2004-05.
Non-DE students are seniors who took no acceleration courses and enrolled in the SUS in 2004-05.



Community College Graduation



Source: Florida Department of Education, Data Trend 26

Next Steps



In the Works...

- Dual Enrollment Handbook with guidelines for community colleges and school districts
- Articulation Agreement Regional Workshops about completing inter-institutional articulation agreements
(for school districts and CCs)



Pilot Projects

- Florida Community College at Jacksonville is conducting a pilot program using FCAT scores instead of CPT scores to determine Dual Enrollment eligibility.
- DOE participating in Community College Research Center project looking at the criteria for Dual Enrollment



Resources

- Dual enrollment legislation
– Florida Statutes, section
1007.271

http://www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/index.cfm?App_mode=Display_Statute&Search_String=&URL=Ch1007/PART02.HTM

- Data Trend 26 – Impact of
Dual Enrollment on High
Performing Students

<http://www.fldoe.org/CC/OSAS/DataTrendsResearch/DT26.pdf>



Resources

- Fast Fact 79 – Dual Enrollment Students are More Likely to Enroll in Postsecondary Education
<http://www.fldoe.org/CC/OSAS/FastFacts/FF79.pdf>
- Program Review 2004-02: Dual Enrollment
<http://www.fldoe.org/cc/docs/DEPR.pdf>



Contact Information

Dr. Patricia Windham

Pat.Windham@fldoe.org

850.245.9482

Department of Education
Division of Community Colleges
325 W. Gaines Street, Suite 1344
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0400

